

REMARKS

Claims 1-21 have been canceled and claims 22-35 added. The newly added claims are drawn to the invention of Group I (polynucleotide) and (b) (SEQ ID NO:3 or a sequence encoding SEQ ID NO:4) of the restriction requirement mailed December 12, 2000 in the parent application, U.S. Application No. 09/384,625. No new matter is added by the addition of claims 22-35.

Entry of the amendments and favorable consideration of the claims are respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



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TELETYPE UNIT

VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

In showing the changes, deleted material is shown as brackets, and inserted material is shown underlined.

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Paragraph beginning at page 1, line 3:

This application is a division of U.S. Application No. 09/384,625 filed August 27, 1999, which [This application] claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/098,248, filed August 28, 1998.

Paragraph beginning at page 8, line 4:

"Codon degeneracy" refers to divergence in the genetic code permitting variation of the nucleotide sequence without [e]affecting the amino acid sequence of an encoded polypeptide. Accordingly, the instant invention relates to any nucleic acid fragment comprising a nucleotide sequence that encodes all or a substantial portion of the amino acid sequences set forth herein. The skilled artisan is well aware of the "codon-bias" exhibited by a specific host cell in usage of nucleotide codons to specify a given amino acid. Therefore, when synthesizing a nucleic acid fragment for improved expression in a host cell, it is desirable to design the nucleic acid fragment such that its frequency of codon usage approaches the frequency of preferred codon usage of the host cell.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 1-21 canceled.

Claims 22-35 added.